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APPLICATION NO.	FI	LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/698,097	10/31/2003		Edward H. Overstreet	AB-378U	9705
23845	7590	06/13/2005		EXAMINER	
· · · -		ICS CORPORATION	FAULCON JR, LENWOOD		
25129 RYE CANYON ROAD VALENCIA, CA 91355				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	- · · · · ·			3762	

DATE MAILED: 06/13/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summan	10/698,097	OVERSTREET ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Lenwood Faulcon, Jr.	3762				
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.  - after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a replection of the period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stature to reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin ply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day of will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from te, cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 31 (	October 2003.					
2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ⊠ Thi	is action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	i3 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4) ☑ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☑ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	awn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin	er.					
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>26 March 2004</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Bureat * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received.  Its have been received in Applicationity documents have been received au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage				
Attachment(s)	_					
<ol> <li>Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)</li> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> </ol>	4)  Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da					
Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)     Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 8/16/2004.	_	Patent Application (PTO-152)				

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 1-4, 7, 10-12, 14, 16-17 and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Carter et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6,205,360).

Carter et al. teaches of an apparatus and method for automatically determining stimulation parameters, which comprises delivering electrical stimulus signals and sensing the physiological response to the applied stimulation, in order to determine the appropriate operating mode of the device (col. 2 lines 66-67, col. 3 lines 1-13). Carter et al. further teach of the use of an electrically measured neural response as a direct input to define the dynamic range of an auditory prosthesis (col. 4 lines 11-14). Carter et al. also teaches that the stimulation can be delivered by a number of channels (col. 6 lines 5-6), with multiple electrode contacts (col. 6 lines 5-10). Carter et al. further teaches of the use of a reference electrode in measuring the evoked action potential of the auditory nerve and the electrical activity of the stapedius (col. 6 lines 10-19). Carter et al. also teaches of a single stimulation pulse being applied to a particular channel (col. 7 lines 29-30), which inherently causes electrode contacts in the same channel to simultaneously deliver electrical stimuli, or inherently causes electrode contacts in different channels to sequentially deliver electrical

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stimuli. Carter et al. further teaches of reducing obscuring effects of random noise (col. 8 lines 7-13).

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 5-6, 8-9, 13, 15, 18 and 20 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Carter et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6,205,360) as applied to claims 1-4, 7, 10-12, 14, 16-17 and 19 above, and further in view of Doyle (U.S. Patent No. 6,175,767).

Doyle teaches of a multichannel implantable inner ear stimulator that modulates channel streaming with audio information to produce hearing for the profoundly deaf or those with other hearing impediments (col. 7 lines 24-24). Doyle further teaches of adjusting the gradient field generated by electrodes placed in proximity to the 8<sup>th</sup> nerve (col. 7 lines 45-51). Doyle also teaches of plotting the threshold intensity that is just capable of exciting an axon and its relationship to the duration of the stimulus current (col. 12 lines 49-61).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the teachings of Carter et al. and Doyle to have implantable multichannel cochlear implant that forms a contour plot of intensity levels associated with electrodes at which the first evoked action potential. Carter et al. and Doyle both teach of multichannel implantable hearing devices, and thus teach of analogous arts. It would have

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been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the system and method as taught by Carter et al. by including a contour of intensity levels associated with electrode contacts at which the evoked potential is first observed as taught by Doyle in order to define stimulation parameters for use in the implanted system, since plots are commonly used to determine parameters. It would have been obvious to make such a modification to Carter et al. since Carter et al. teaches of using a sensor communicating with a processor that also communicates with a memory to provide values for stimulation parameters, and teaches of determining the threshold stimulation level for at least one stimulation mode of the system (col. 3 lines 14-28). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the teachings of Carter et al. and Doyle to have the limitations of claims 5-6, 8-9, 13, 15, 18 and 20.

## **Double Patenting**

4. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

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5. Claims 1-20 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of double patenting over claims 1-6 of copending Application No. 10/698098. This is a provisional double patenting rejection since the conflicting claims have not yet been patented.

The subject matter claimed in the instant application is fully disclosed in the referenced copending application and would be covered by any patent granted on that copending application since the referenced copending application and the instant application are claiming common subject matter, as follows: a neurostimulator implant system that applies electrical stimulation to the tissue of a patient by multiple electrode contacts, adjusting the intensity of the applied electrical stimulus to which the first presence of an evoked compound action potential is detected, determining the intensity threshold level, creating a contour of intensity levels for use in defining operational parameters of the neurostimulator implant system.

Furthermore, there is no apparent reason why applicant would be prevented from presenting claims corresponding to those of the instant application in the other copending application. See *In re Schneller*, 397 F.2d 350, 158 USPQ 210 (CCPA 1968). See also MPEP § 804.

#### Conclusion

6. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Faltys et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,626,629), Nygard et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,758,651), Ren et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,776,179), Faltys et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6,157,861), Overstreet (WO 03/015863), Faltys (U.S. 10/218,616).

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Lenwood Faulcon, Jr. whose telephone number is 571-272-6090. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday from 9 to 5 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Angela D. Sykes, can be reached on 571-272-4955. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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Lenwood Faulcon, Jr.

George Manuel

**Primary Examiner**